$$\dot{x} = f(x, u), \quad x(0) = x_0$$

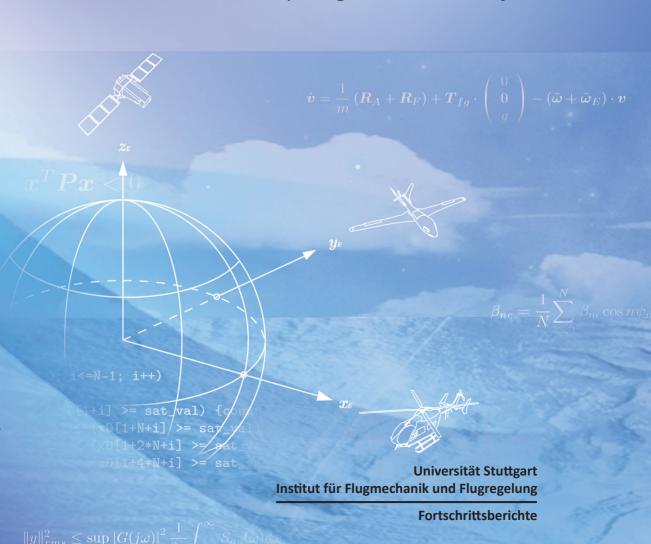
 $y = g(x, u)$

$$egin{aligned} oldsymbol{s} oldsymbol{\mathcal{X}}(s) &= \left(oldsymbol{\mathcal{A}} - oldsymbol{\mathcal{N}}
ight) oldsymbol{\mathcal{X}}(s) + oldsymbol{\mathcal{D}} oldsymbol{\mathcal{U}}(s) \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{\Phi}(t, t_0) = \boldsymbol{A}(t) \, \boldsymbol{\Phi}(t, t_0)$$

Zonotope Based Steering Laws for Agile Spacecraft with Control Moment Gyros

Dipl.-Ing. Ramin Geshnizjani



Zonotope Based Steering Laws for Agile Spacecraft with Control Moment Gyros

A thesis accepted by the Faculty of Aerospace Engineering and Geodesy of the University of Stuttgart in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Engineering Sciences (Dr.-Ing.)

by Ramin Tobias Geshnizjani born in Heilbronn

Main referee: Prof. Dr.-Ing. Walter Fichter Co-referee: Prof. Dr. techn. Klaus Janschek

Technische Universität Dresden

Date of defence: 15 October 2021

Institute of Flight Mechanics and Controls University of Stuttgart

2021

Fortschrittsberichte des Instituts für Flugmechanik und Flugregelung

Band 13

Ramin Tobias Geshnizjani

Zonotope Based Steering Laws for Agile Spacecraft with Control Moment Gyros

D 93 (Diss. Universität Stuttgart)

Shaker Verlag Düren 2022

Bibliographic information published by the Deutsche Nationalbibliothek The Deutsche Nationalbibliothek lists this publication in the Deutsche Nationalbibliografie; detailed bibliographic data are available in the Internet at http://dnb.d-nb.de.

Zugl.: Stuttgart, Univ., Diss., 2021

Copyright Shaker Verlag 2022

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the publishers.

Printed in Germany.

ISBN 978-3-8440-8404-7 ISSN 2199-3483

Shaker Verlag GmbH • Am Langen Graben 15a • 52353 Düren Phone: 0049/2421/99011-0 • Telefax: 0049/2421/99011-9

Internet: www.shaker.de • e-mail: info@shaker.de

Acknowledgements

This thesis would not exist if it had not been for the support of many people. First of all, I would like to thank Professor Fichter for giving me the opportunity to work on this interesting topic, his targeted feedback at the relevant milestones (always hitting the technical nerve), and especially for his support in the final legs. I want to thank Professor Janschek for his interest in and quick grasp of my work as well as his willingness to act as co-referee.

The Institute of Flight Mechanics and Controls (iFR) is a remarkable group of competent and motivated scientists and, most importantly, a great team. Thank you to absolutely everyone for the fruitful discussions (I will never forget the after hours discussion in the coffee kitchen that pointed me in the right direction for showing the connectedness in Chapter 4), the friendly/competitive runs around the Bärenseen, the alpine hikes and taxing skiing trips (how I made it down that last slope is still beyond me), the legendary Christmas parties, and many more cherished memories over the last years.

My second "professional home" was the AOCS team of Airbus Defence and Space in Friedrichshafen. Here, I want to thank in particular Andrey Kornienko (now at ESA-ESTEC) for his continuous support, his mentorship, and many helpful discussions (both in the office and while commissioning the INTREPID testbed) and Thomas Ott, who supported me in various roles throughout the last ten years. I also want to thank Johannes Löhr for introducing me to zonotopes and Tobias Ziegler for providing me with practical problems to solve as agilely as possible, Jens Levenhagen for always making me feel part of the team (and for the mug, of course!) as well as Jochen Rieber and Simon Görries for the smooth cooperation in the HOREOS projects.

Last, but not least, I want to thank my family including Lisa (usually the first to participate in the ups and downs) for always supporting me and motivating (or teasing) me to keep moving forward with this work.

Contents

A	cknov	wledgements	ii
Κι	urzfas	ssung	ίχ
Αŀ	ostra	ct	X
No	omen	clature	xii
1	Intro	oduction	1
	1.1	CMGs for Attitude Control of Agile Spacecraft	1
	1.2	Challenges of CMG Based Attitude Control Systems	
	1.3	Solution Approaches and State of the Art	
		1.3.1 Attitude Control Laws	Ę
		1.3.2 CMG Array Architectures	6
		1.3.3 CMG Steering Laws	7
	1.4	Problem Statement and Objective of the Work	10
	1.5	Research Contributions	11
2	Bas	ic Dynamics and Steering of CMG Arrays	13
	2.1	Spacecraft Rotational Dynamics	13
	2.2	CMG Dynamics	14
		2.2.1 Basic Dynamics	14
		2.2.2 Four-CMG Roof Array	
		2.2.3 Torque Envelope	
	2.3	Steering Laws	
		2.3.1 Torque Steering	
		2.3.2 Angular Momentum Steering	22
3	Pref	ferred Initial Gimbal Angles for Agile Slew Maneuvers	25
	3.1	Overview	25
	3.2	Anatomy of Agile Slew Maneuvers	26

Contents

	3.3	Computation of Preferred Gimbal Angles	28
		3.3.1 Definition of Preferred Gimbal Angles	28
			29
			32
4	Nul	Space Steering Law	37
	4.1	Overview	37
	4.2		38
	4.3		40
			40
		4.3.2 Proposed Steering Law Based on Angular Momentum	
			41
	4.4		43
			43
			49
5	And	ular Momentum Domain Steering Law for Roof Arrays	55
•	5.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	55
	5.2	9 0	57
	5.3		59
	5.4	8	61
	0.1		61
			62
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	63
	5.5	<u>.</u>	66
_			
6	_	,	69
	6.1		69
	6.2	O	70
	6.3	1	71
	6.4		76
	6.5		79
		*	79
		6.5.2 Results and Discussion	83
7	Cor	iclusions	91
	7.1	Summary and Conclusions	91
	7 2	Outlook and Future Work	92

Bi	ibliography	95
A	Mathematical Background A.1 Solution of Third-Order Polynomial	
В	Explicit Formulations B.1 Entry Point Candidates of Iso-Momentum Manifold	107 107
Re	esume	111