

Broadband Planar Antennas with Improved Radiation Patterns for Satellite Reception

Zur Erlangung des akademischen Grades

DOKTOR-INGENIEUR

vom Fachbereich Elektrotechnik der
Universität - GH Paderborn

genehmigte Dissertation
von

DEA Leïla Bekraoui

aus Rabat, Marokko

Referent : Prof. Dr.-Ing. Wido Kumm
Korreferent : Prof. Dr.-Ing. Andreas Thiede

Tag der mündlichen Prüfung: 10. April 2001

Paderborn 2001
D 14 - 165

Berichte aus der Kommunikationstechnik

Leïla Bekraoui

**Broadband Planar Antennas
with Improved Radiation Patterns
for Satellite Reception**

D 466 (Diss. Universität-GH Paderborn)

Shaker Verlag
Aachen 2001

Die Deutsche Bibliothek - CIP-Einheitsaufnahme

Bekraoui, Leïla:

Broadband Planar Antennas with Improved Radiation Patterns
for Satellite Reception / Leïla Bekraoui.

Aachen : Shaker, 2001

(Berichte aus der Kommunikationstechnik)

Zugl.: Paderborn, Univ., Diss., 2001

ISBN 3-8265-9541-6

Copyright Shaker Verlag 2001

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the publishers.

Printed in Germany.

ISBN 3-8265-9541-6

ISSN 0945-0823

Shaker Verlag GmbH • P.O. BOX 1290 • D-52013 Aachen

Phone: 0049/2407/9596-0 • Telefax: 0049/2407/9596-9

Internet: www.shaker.de • eMail: info@shaker.de

Contents

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Symbols and Abbreviations | 4 |
| 1 Introduction | 11 |
| 2 Direct Broadcasting Satellite Reception | 14 |
| 2.1 Historical | 14 |
| 2.2 From the reflector to the planar antenna..... | 14 |
| 2.3 Fundamental parameters and requirements | 19 |
| 2.3.1 Radiation pattern | 19 |
| 2.3.2 Gain and efficiency..... | 20 |
| 2.3.3 Antenna noise temperature | 22 |
| 2.3.4 Polarisation..... | 24 |
| 2.3.5 Frequency band and relative bandwidth..... | 25 |
| 3 Microstrip Antennas as Planar Antennas | 28 |
| 3.1 Fundamentals..... | 28 |
| 3.2 Advances in feeding techniques | 31 |
| 3.2.1 Introduction | 31 |
| 3.2.2 Contacting feeds | 31 |
| 3.2.3 Requirements for antenna and its feeding | 33 |
| 3.2.4 Non-contacting feeds | 34 |
| 3.3 Existing methods for improvement of characteristics..... | 36 |
| 3.3.1 Bandwidth | 36 |
| 3.3.2 Cross-polarisation..... | 41 |
| 3.4 Proper used methods for improvement of characteristics | 45 |
| 3.4.1 Bandwidth | 45 |
| 3.4.2 Cross-polarisation..... | 47 |
| 3.5 Analysis and modelling..... | 49 |

| | | |
|----------|---|-----------|
| 3.5.1 | Introduction..... | 49 |
| 3.5.2 | Analysis of chosen configuration | 49 |
| 3.5.3 | Modelling by Method of Moments..... | 51 |
| 4 | Aperture Coupled Microstrip Antenna as Basic Element | 54 |
| 4.1 | Introduction..... | 54 |
| 4.2 | Structure of antenna element..... | 54 |
| 4.2.1 | Choice of substrates | 54 |
| 4.2.2 | Positioning and characteristics of structure components..... | 57 |
| 4.2.3 | Perforated patch | 59 |
| 4.3 | Dimensioning and optimisation | 61 |
| 4.3.1 | Procedure | 61 |
| 4.3.2 | Resonances | 62 |
| 4.3.3 | Impedance matching | 72 |
| 4.3.4 | Perforated patch | 80 |
| 4.4 | Measurement results..... | 84 |
| 4.4.1 | Bandwidth and port isolation | 84 |
| 4.4.2 | Radiation pattern and gain..... | 86 |
| 4.4.3 | Evaluation of parallel plate mode | 88 |
| 5 | Array Antenna with Low Side Lobes Level Capabilities..... | 90 |
| 5.1 | Conventional arrays..... | 90 |
| 5.2 | Developed antenna structure..... | 94 |
| 5.2.1 | Introduction..... | 94 |
| 5.2.2 | Structure principle..... | 94 |
| 5.2.3 | Simulation results..... | 98 |
| 5.3 | Novel feeding technique..... | 100 |
| 5.3.1 | Choice of feeding network type..... | 100 |
| 5.3.2 | Feeding of symmetrical subarrays | 101 |
| 5.3.3 | Feeding of complete antenna..... | 106 |

| | | |
|---------------------|--|------------|
| 5.4 | Measurement results | 109 |
| 5.4.1 | Preliminaries..... | 109 |
| 5.4.2 | Bandwidth and port isolation | 110 |
| 5.4.3 | Radiation pattern and gain | 112 |
| 5.4.4 | Reception quality..... | 116 |
| 6 | Conclusions | 118 |
| A | Appendices | 121 |
| A.1 | Relation between gains of two array antennas..... | 121 |
| A.1.1 | Gain of array antenna based on gain of single antenna element | 121 |
| A.2.1 | Generalisation..... | 122 |
| A.2 | Requirements catalogue for realisation | 124 |
| A.3 | Photos of realised antennas and feeding networks | 126 |
| Bibliography | | 130 |

Symbols and Abbreviations

Symbols

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| (a,b,c) | Spherical coordinates of patch |
| a_n | Unknown constant |
| B | Transponder bandwidth |
| B_w | Antenna relative bandwidth |
| C / N | Carrier-to-noise ratio |
| D | Largest dimension of antenna |
| d_x | Spacing between antenna elements in x -direction |
| d_y | Spacing between antenna elements in y -direction |
| E | Electric field |
| E_x | x -component of E |
| E_y | y -component of E |
| E_z | z -component of E |
| $E(z,t)$ | Instantaneous electric field |
| $E_x(z,t)$ | x -instantaneous component of $E(z,t)$ |
| $E_y(z,t)$ | y -instantaneous component of $E(z,t)$ |
| E_{x0} | Maximum magnitude of $E_x(z,t)$ |
| E_{y0} | Maximum magnitude of $E_y(z,t)$ |
| $E_A(\theta_0,\phi_0)$ | Far-zone electric field of an array antenna in the direction (θ_0,ϕ_0) |
| e_A | Efficiency of an array antenna |
| e_a | Efficiency accounting for losses of array structure |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| e_o | Total efficiency |
| e_c | Conduction efficiency |
| e_d | Dielectric efficiency |
| e_{qp} | Efficiency accounting for losses inserted by the extension of an array from Q to P elements |
| e_r | Reflection efficiency |
| e_s | Efficiency of a single antenna element |
| F | Linear integral operator |
| f | Frequency |
| f_h | Upper boundary of simulated or measured frequency band |
| f_l | Lower boundary of simulated or measured frequency band |
| G | Gain |
| G_A | Gain of an array antenna |
| G_P | Gain of an array antenna composed of P antenna elements |
| G_Q | Gain of an array antenna composed of Q antenna elements |
| G_S | Gain of a single antenna element |
| G/T | Gain-to-noise ratio |
| $\overline{G/T}$ | Mean value of G/T |
| g | Response function to excitation |
| g_n | Basis function |
| H_y | y -component of magnetic field |
| h | Excitation current function |
| h_m | Test function |
| I_{nm} | Excitation factor of the element (n,m) |

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| $ I_{nm} $ | Amplitude of I_{nm} |
| $I(x)$ | Current at the position x |
| \mathbf{J}_t | Surface current on patch |
| \mathbf{J}_x | x -component of \mathbf{J}_t |
| \mathbf{J}_y | y -component of \mathbf{J}_t |
| K | Boltzmann's constant |
| k | Wave number |
| k_0 | Free-space wave number |
| L | Patch length |
| L_a | Atmospheric attenuation |
| L_d | Free-space attenuation |
| L_{o1} | Feeding line overlap at Port 1 |
| L_{o2} | Feeding line overlap at Port 2 |
| L_{p1} | Resonant length of perforated patch at Port 1 |
| L_{p2} | Resonant length of perforated patch at Port 2 |
| L_{s1} | Aperture resonant length at Port 1 |
| L_{s2} | Aperture resonant length at Port 2 |
| L_I | Patch resonant length at Port 1 |
| L_2 | Patch resonant length at Port 2 |
| L_{I0}, L_{I1}, L_{I2} | Transmission lines lengths of impedance matching network at Port 1 |
| L_{20}, L_{21}, L_{22} | Transmission lines lengths of impedance matching network at Port 2 |
| M | Number of array elements in y -direction |
| \mathbf{M} | Equivalent magnetic current of aperture |
| M_y | Magnetic polarisation current |
| N | Number of array elements in x -direction |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| N_1 | Number of perforated patch strips at Port 1 |
| N_2 | Number of perforated patch strips at Port 2 |
| P_C | Carrier power level |
| P_{EIRP} | Effective isotropically radiated power |
| P_{NA} | Antenna noise power |
| P_{NS} | System noise power |
| P_{in} | Input power |
| P_{in_A} | Input power of an array antenna |
| P_r | Radiated power |
| P_{r_A} | Radiated power from an array antenna |
| P_{r_S} | Radiated power from a single antenna element |
| P_z | Electric polarisation current |
| Q | Quality factor |
| q | Fraction of power entering an antenna |
| $R(\theta, \phi)$ | Radiation pattern of single antenna element in the direction (θ, ϕ) |
| R | Amplitude of $R(\theta, \phi)$ |
| $R_A(\theta, \phi)$ | Radiation pattern of array antenna |
| R_A | Amplitude of $R_A(\theta, \phi)$ |
| $R_{AF}(\theta, \phi)$ | Array factor |
| R_{AF} | Amplitude of $R_{AF}(\theta, \phi)$ |
| R_s | Radius of sphere enclosing antenna |
| S_{LL} | Side lobe level |
| S_v | Voltage standing wave ratio |
| S_1 | Spacing between perforated patch strips at Port 1 |
| S_2 | Spacing between perforated patch strips at Port 2 |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| S_{11} | Scattering parameter corresponding to input impedance |
| S_{12} | Scattering parameter corresponding to port isolation |
| T_A | Antenna noise temperature |
| T_R | Receiver noise temperature |
| $T(\theta, \phi)$ | Temperature distribution in the direction (θ, ϕ) |
| t | Substrate thickness |
| t_0 | Thickness of foil supporting patch |
| t_1 | Thickness of patch substrate |
| t_2 | Thickness of feeding substrate |
| t_3 | Thickness of space foam |
| $\tan\delta$ | Substrate loss |
| $\tan\delta_1$ | Loss of patch substrate |
| $\tan\delta_2$ | Loss of feeding substrate |
| $\tan\delta_{eff}$ | Effective substrate loss |
| $U(\theta, \phi)$ | Radiation intensity in the direction (θ, ϕ) |
| $U_A(\theta_0, \phi_0)$ | Radiation intensity of an array antenna in the direction (θ_0, ϕ_0) |
| $U_S(\theta_0, \phi_0)$ | Radiation intensity of a single antenna element in the direction (θ_0, ϕ_0) |
| $V(x)$ | Voltage at the position x |
| W | Patch width |
| W_1 | Width of perforated patch strips at Port 1 |
| W_2 | Width of perforated patch strips at Port 2 |
| W_{11}, W_{12} | Transmission lines widths of impedance matching network at Port 1 |
| W_{21}, W_{22} | Transmission lines widths of impedance matching network at Port 2 |

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| x_0 | x -coordinate of aperture |
| \hat{x} | Unit vector in the x -direction |
| \hat{y} | Unit vector in the y -direction |
| Z_{in} | Input impedance |
| $Z_{in}(x)$ | Input impedance at the position x |
| α_e | Electric polarisability |
| α_m | Magnetic polarisability |
| Δf | Receiver bandwidth |
| ΔP | Wasted power |
| $\Delta\phi$ | Time-phase difference |
| $\Delta\theta_{3dB}$ | Half power beamwidth |
| ϵ_0 | Air dielectric constant |
| ϵ_r | Substrate dielectric constant also called relative permittivity |
| ϵ_{r1} | Substrate dielectric constant of patch |
| ϵ_{r2} | Substrate dielectric constant of feeding |
| ϕ_x | x -component of phase |
| ϕ_y | y -component of phase |
| Γ | Reflection coefficient |
| φ_{nm} | Phase of I_{nm} |
| η | Constant |
| λ_0 | Free-space wavelength |
| λ_g | Guided wavelength |
| (θ, ϕ) | Direction of radiation |
| (θ_0, ϕ_0) | Direction of maximum radiation |
| θ_p | Angle of wave propagation |

Abbreviations

| | |
|------|-----------------------------------|
| ACM | Aperture Coupled Microstrip |
| CEM | Computational Electromagnetics |
| DBS | Direct Broadcasting Satellite |
| DSR | Digital Satellite Radio |
| DTH | Direct To Home |
| LNB | Low Noise Block converter |
| MoM | Method of Moments |
| MPIE | Mixed Potential Integral Equation |
| PTFE | Polytetrafluoroethylene |
| SMA | Sub-Miniatur-A |
| TEM | Transverse Electromagnetic |
| VSWR | Voltage Standing Wave Ratio |